

## GIS Workshop Examples Instructions 2008-09

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More examples can be found in: ***GIS and Spatial Analysis for the Social Sciences: Coding, Mapping, and Modeling***, Robert Nash Parker and Emily K. Asencio, Routledge Press, 2008, order at Amazon.com (search for 'GIS and Spatial Analysis for the Social Sciences paperback' or enter '9780415989626') or at [www.routledge.com/books/GIS-and-Spatial-Analysis-for-the-Social-Sciences-isbn9780415989626](http://www.routledge.com/books/GIS-and-Spatial-Analysis-for-the-Social-Sciences-isbn9780415989626).

### Geocoding Process

1. Open ArcMap
2. Add data for a map to the session (black cross with yellow background on tool bar)---\*.shp file
3. Add data for street layer---\*.shp
4. Label Street Layer
  - a. Right click on layer name in table of contents
  - b. Click on 'Label Features'
5. Create Address locator
  - a. Open Tool Box
  - b. Double click on 'geocoding tools'
  - c. Double click on 'create address locator'
  - d. Select address locator style
  - e. Select Reference Data—street layer from #3 above
  - f. Click box under 'Role' in Reference Data box
  - g. Double click on drop down to expose choice between 'primary table' and 'alias table'
  - h. Click Ok
6. Add Spread sheet with items to be geocoded---\*.dbf'
7. Click on Tools
8. Select Geocoding
  - a. Select Geocode Addresses (first time; otherwise select review/rematch)
  - b. Look to be sure that address locator created above is highlighted; if not, click on add, find locator, and add to box; click ok
  - c. Make sure spread sheet with geocodable incidents is shown in the 'address table box; if not, click on the drop down and click on the proper table
  - d. Under address input fields, click on the drop down and see a list of the columns in the geocodable spread sheet; select the one that has the address in it.
  - e. Rename output layer for the result of the geocoding—asa1.shp
  - f. Click on geocode options; examine and modify if desired; click ok
  - g. Click ok to commence Automatic Geocoding
9. Examine results of automatic geocoding

10. Click 'Match Interactively' to begin interactive geocoding
  - a. 2624 E Alessandro---zoom to candidate
  - b. Intersection: Indiana & Lake Point
  - c. Acacia Glenn Dr, Acacia st.....
  - d. Niki Way—code with informed judgement

### **Joining Results of Geocoding to the Spatial Map**

1. Perform a spatial join by first highlighting the spatial unit map layer
2. Right Click on the highlighted layer and select Joins and Relates; select Join...
3. Make sure the first box says, 'Join data from another layer based on spatial location'
  - a. Under 1. select the layer to join to this (the highlighted) layer, make sure your geocoded results layer is shown
  - b. Under 2. you are joining...' it should say 'points to polygons'
  - c. Under 3. the result of the join will be saved into a new layer, retype the output file name---asa1\_count.shp
  - d. Click Ok
4. Check success of join by highlighting new layer
  - a. Right click on new layer
  - b. Select open attribute table
  - c. Look for new count column at the end of the table

### **Creating a Thematic map to display the rate of geocoded data per population**

1. Right click on new layer; select Properties
2. Click on 'Symbology'
3. Click on 'Quantities'
  - a. Under fields, click on Value; select the 'Count' field
  - b. Under normalization, select appropriate population denominator
  - c. Can modify the category boundaries, number of categories, and re-label to create standardized rates and ranges; also change colors manually or with standardized ramps
  - d. Click 'Apply' and Ok to display the map

### **Exporting a Map to be used in another Software Program**

1. Click on File; click on Export a map
2. Select the type of map to save; type a title
3. Minimize ArcMap; Open Powerpoint
4. Click on Insert; picture; from File
5. Click on map export; resize for Powerpoint; Add Title

### **Adding a graphic display to show multiple variables on the Map**

1. Double Click on the Layer name to open the Properties Menu
2. Click on Charts; Select Stacked
3. Select Indicators (variables) and colors
4. Modify Chart properties and size
5. Add Normalization variable for Rate calculation
6. Click on Apply; close Properties menu
7. Zoom in to see details

### **Spatial Statistics**

1. To Calculate Moran's I
  - a. Click on tool box
  - b. Double Click on Spatial Statistics
  - c. Double Click on Analyzing Patterns
  - d. Double Click on Spatial Autocorrelation
  - e. Drop down for input feature class—the layer your spatial data is in—the new layer from the join operation
  - f. Drop down for input field—count
  - g. Click on display output graphically
  - h. Use Polygon Contiguity for spatial conceptualization
  - i. Make sure distance band box has '0' entered
  - j. Click Ok
2. To Calculate Anselin's Local Moran's I for clustering
  - a. Double Click on Mapping Clusters
  - b. Double Click on Cluster and Outlier Analysis
  - c. Same choices as Moran's I
  - d. Give a name for output layer
  - e. Right click on new layer; properties; symbology; quantities
  - f. Display LMz variable at end of table
  - g. Compare to thematic map for clusters—negative opposite of cluster; 0 means random; positive means cluster of similar high numbers
3. To Calculate Getis-Ord hot spot statistic
  - a. Double click on Hot spot analysis
  - b. Same as above except select Polygon Contiguity under Conceptualization of Spatial Relationship
  - c. Make sure 0 is entered in distance band box (makes no difference, routine will not run without entry)
  - d. Click Ok
  - e. Right click on new layer; properties; symbology; quantities
  - f. Compares values of unit to average of all units

