

2002 MTCR International Code of Conduct Against Ballistic Missile Proliferation (excerpt from <http://www.acronym.org.uk/docs/0211/doc13.htm>)

The Code

International Code of Conduct against Ballistic Missile Proliferation

Preamble

The Subscribing States:

Reaffirming their commitment to the United Nations Charter;

Stressing the role and responsibility of the United Nations in the field of international peace and security;

Recalling the widespread concern about the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction and their means of delivery;

Recognizing the increasing regional and global security challenges caused, inter alia, by the ongoing proliferation of Ballistic Missile systems capable of delivering weapons of mass destruction;

Seeking to promote the security of all states by fostering mutual trust through the implementation of political and diplomatic measures;

Having taken into account regional and national security considerations;

Believing that an International Code of Conduct against Ballistic Missile Proliferation will contribute to the process of strengthening existing national and international security arrangements and disarmament and non-proliferation objectives and mechanisms;

Recognising that subscribing States may wish to consider engaging in co-operative measures among themselves to this end;

1. *Adopt* this International Code of Conduct against Ballistic Missile Proliferation (hereinafter referred to as 'the Code');

2. *Resolve* to respect the following Principles:

a) Recognition of the need comprehensively to prevent and curb the proliferation of Ballistic Missile systems capable of delivering weapons of mass destruction and the need to continue pursuing appropriate international endeavours, including through the Code;

- b) Recognition of the importance of strengthening, and gaining wider adherence to, multilateral disarmament and non-proliferation mechanisms;
- c) Recognition that adherence to, and full compliance with, international arms control, disarmament and non-proliferation norms help build confidence as to the peaceful intentions of states;
- d) Recognition that participation in this Code is voluntary and open to all States;
- e) Confirmation of their commitment to the United Nations Declaration on International Cooperation in the Exploration and Use of Outer Space for the Benefit and in the Interest of All States taking into particular Account the Needs of Developing Countries, adopted by the United Nations General Assembly (Resolution 51/122 of 13 December 1996);
- f) Recognition that states should not be excluded from utilising the benefits of space for peaceful purposes, but that, in reaping such benefits and in conducting related cooperation, they must not contribute to the proliferation of Ballistic Missiles capable of delivering weapons of mass destruction;
- g) Recognition that Space Launch Vehicle programmes should not be used to conceal Ballistic Missile programmes;
- h) Recognition of the necessity of appropriate transparency measures on Ballistic Missile programmes and Space Launch Vehicle programmes in order to increase confidence and to promote non-proliferation of Ballistic Missiles and Ballistic Missile technology;

3. *Resolve* to implement the following General Measures:

- a) To ratify, accede to or otherwise abide by:
- the Treaty on Principles Governing the Activities of States in the Exploration and Use of Outer Space, including the Moon and Other Celestial Bodies (1967),
 - the Convention on International Liability for Damage Caused by Space Objects (1972), and
 - the Convention on Registration of Objects Launched into Outer Space (1975);
- b) To curb and prevent the proliferation of Ballistic Missiles capable of delivering weapons of mass destruction, both at a global and regional level, through multilateral, bilateral and national endeavours;
- c) To exercise maximum possible restraint in the development, testing and deployment of Ballistic Missiles capable of delivering weapons of mass destruction, including, where possible, to reduce national holdings of such missiles, in the interest of global and regional peace and security;

d) To exercise the necessary vigilance in the consideration of assistance to Space Launch Vehicle programmes in any other country so as to prevent contributing to delivery systems for weapons of mass destruction, considering that such programmes may be used to conceal Ballistic Missile programmes;

e) Not to contribute to, support or assist any Ballistic Missile programme in countries which might be developing or acquiring weapons of mass destruction in contravention of norms established by, and of those countries' obligations under, international disarmament and non-proliferation treaties;

4. Resolve to implement the following:

a) Transparency measures as follows, with an appropriate and sufficient degree of detail to increase confidence and to promote non-proliferation of Ballistic Missiles capable of delivering weapons of mass destruction:

i) With respect to Ballistic Missile programmes to:

- make an annual declaration providing an outline of their Ballistic Missile policies. Examples of openness in such declarations might be relevant information on Ballistic Missile systems and land (test-) launch sites;
- provide annual information on the number and generic class of Ballistic Missiles launched during the preceding year, as declared in conformity with the pre-launch notification mechanism referred to hereunder, in tiret iii);

ii) With respect to expendable Space Launch Vehicle programmes, and consistent with commercial and economic confidentiality principles, to:

- make an annual declaration providing an outline of their Space Launch Vehicle policies and land (test-) launch sites;
- provide annual information on the number and generic class of Space Launch Vehicles launched during the preceding year, as declared in conformity with the pre-launch notification mechanism referred to hereunder, in tiret iii);
- consider, on a voluntary basis (including on the degree of access permitted), inviting international observers to their land (test-) launch sites;

iii) With respect to their Ballistic Missile and Space Launch Vehicle programmes to:

- exchange pre-launch notifications on their Ballistic Missile and Space Launch Vehicle launches and test flights. These notifications should include such information as the generic class of the Ballistic Missile or Space Launch Vehicle, the planned launch notification window, the launch area and the planned direction;

b) Subscribing States could, as appropriate and on a voluntary basis, develop bilateral or regional transparency measures, in addition to those above.

c) Implementation of the above Confidence Building Measures does not serve as justification for the programmes to which these Confidence Building Measures apply;

5. Organisational aspects

Subscribing States determine to:

- a) Hold regular meetings, annually or as otherwise agreed by Subscribing States;
- b) Take all decisions, both substantive and procedural, by a consensus of the Subscribing States present;
- c) Use these meetings to define, review and further develop the workings of the Code, including in such ways as:
 - establishing procedures regarding the exchange of notifications and other information in the framework of the Code;
 - establishing an appropriate mechanism for the voluntary resolution of questions arising from national declarations, and/or questions pertaining to Ballistic Missile and/or Space Launch Vehicle programmes;
 - naming of a Subscribing State to serve as an immediate central contact for collecting and disseminating Confidence Building Measures submissions, receiving and announcing the subscription of additional States, and other tasks as agreed by Subscribing States; and
 - others as may be agreed by the Subscribing States, including possible amendments to the Code.

Annex: List of Subscribing States

1. Afghanistan
2. Albania
3. Argentina
4. Australia
5. Austria
6. Azerbaijan
7. Belarus
8. Belgium
9. Benin
10. Bosnia and Herzegovina
11. Bulgaria
12. Burkina Faso
13. Cameroon
14. Canada
15. Chile
16. Colombia
17. Comores

18. Cook Islands
19. Costa Rica
20. Croatia
21. Cyprus
22. Czech Republic
23. Denmark
24. El Salvador
25. Estonia
26. Finland
27. France
28. Gabon
29. Georgia
30. Germany
31. Ghana
32. Greece
33. Holy See
34. Hungary
35. Iceland
36. Ireland
37. Italy
38. Japan
39. Jordan
40. Kenya
41. Kiribati
42. Latvia
43. Libyan Arab Jamahiriya
44. Lithuania
45. Luxembourg
46. Madagascar
47. Malta
48. Marshall Islands
49. Mauritania
50. Monaco
51. Morocco
52. Netherlands
53. New Zealand
54. Nicaragua
55. Nigeria
56. Norway
57. Palau
58. Papua New Guinea
59. Paraguay
60. Peru
61. Philippines
62. Poland
63. Portugal

64. Republic of Korea
65. Republic of Moldova
66. Romania
67. Russian Federation
68. Rwanda
69. Senegal
70. Sierra Leone
71. Slovakia
72. Slovenia
73. South Africa
74. Spain
75. Sudan
76. Suriname
77. Sweden
78. Switzerland
79. Tajikistan
80. The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia
81. Timor-Leste [East Timor]
82. Tunisia
83. Turkey
84. Tuvalu
85. Uganda
86. Ukraine
87. United Kingdom
88. United States
89. Uruguay
90. Uzbekistan
91. Venezuela
92. Yugoslavia
93. Zambia

Source: The Netherlands' Ministry of Foreign Affairs,

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